

What is the Meaning of the Word "Israel" in the Bible?

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Roadmap for Presentation

Theological Significance

Stats

OT Usage

NT Usage Special Issues

Theological Significance

(Amillennialist)

Literal interpretation has always been a marked feature of Premillennialism; in Dispensationalism it has been carried to an extreme.

(Amillennialist)

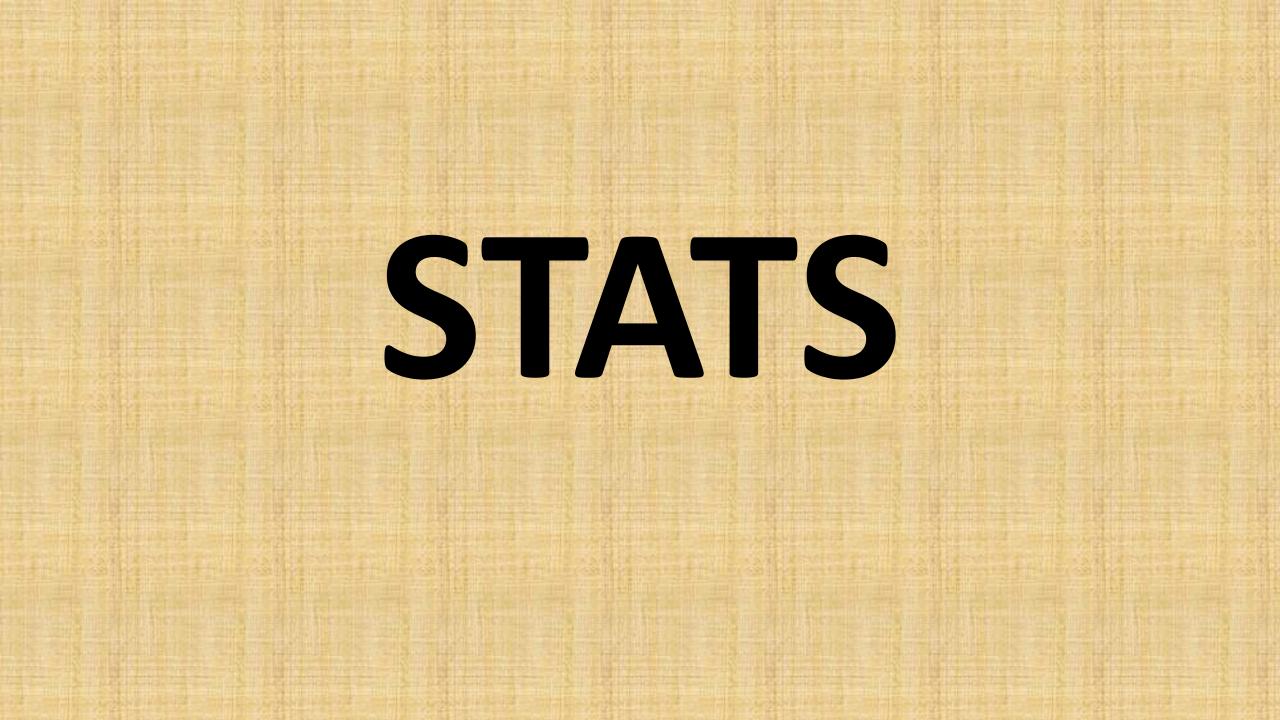
We have seen that this literalism found its most thoroughgoing expression in the claim that Israel must mean /srae/...

(Amillennialist)

...and that the Church was a mystery, unknown to the prophets and first made known to the apostle Paul.

(Amillennialist)

Now if the principle of interpretation is adopted that Israel always means Israel, that it does not mean the Church, then it follows of necessity that practically all of our information regarding the millennium will concern a Jewish or Israelitish age.



The Word "Srae" Occurs 2583 times in the Bible (OT&NT)

"the" 62,589 times

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"and"	38,126

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LORD/Lord	7,918

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2,181

People

Old Testament Usage

The Word "Israel" in the OT (BHS)



2507 times

Summary of OT Usage of Israel

- 1. The man named **Jacob**
- 2. The <u>descendants</u> of Jacob, the twelve tribes of the <u>Hebrews</u>
- 3. The ten northern tribes (sometimes called Ephraim) after the division of the kingdom

First Occurrence of "Israel" Genesis 32:28

He said, "Your name shall no longer be Jacob, but Israel; for you have striven with God and with men and have prevailed."

Israel = "He strives with God" or "God fights"

2. The descendants of Jacob

- \triangleright Sons of Israel = 645 x
- \triangleright Tribes of Israel = 52 x
 - Twelve tribes of Israel = 5 x
 - Twelve tribes = 10 x
 - Twelve Tribes of the Sons of Israel = 1 x (Rev. 21:12)

"Hear, O Israel"

Deut. 9:1 Then Moses summoned all <u>Israel</u> and said to them: "Hear, O <u>Israel</u>, the statutes and the ordinances which I am speaking today in your hearing...

Deut. 6:4 Hear, O <u>Israel!</u> The Lord is our God, the LORD is one! (cp. Mk 12:29)

"Hear, O Israel"

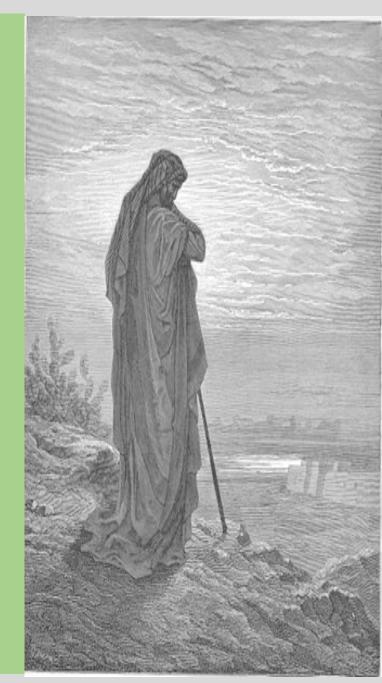
Deut. 9:1 Hear, O <u>Israel!</u> You are crossing over the Jordan today to go in to dispossess nations greater and mightier than you

Deut. 20:3 He shall say to them, "Hear, O Israel, you are approaching the battle against your enemies today...

Amos 3:1-2

Hear this word which the LORD has spoken against you, sons of Israel, against the entire family which He brought out of Egypt...(v. 1)

Israel = Jacob



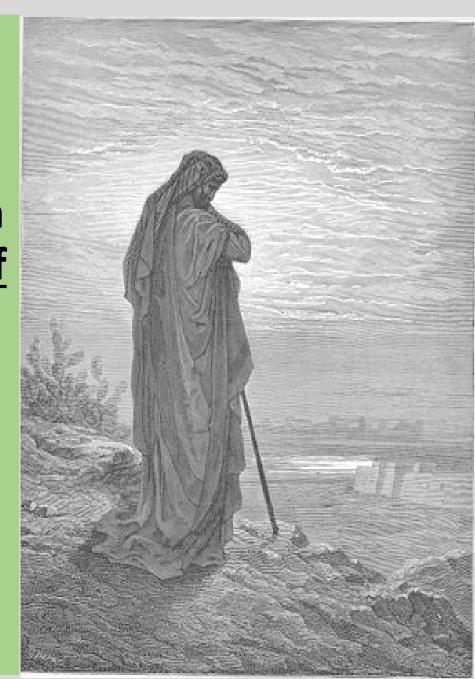
Amos 9:11-15

v. 11 – bring about a <u>united</u> kingdom

v. 14 – bring from ruin the <u>nation of</u>

<u>Israel</u> = both north and south tribes

v. 15 – in land never to be uprooted again



3. The Ten Northern Tribes

1 Kings 12:16

When all Israel saw that the king did not listen to them, the people answered the king, saying, "What portion do we have in David? We have no inheritance in the son of Jesse; To your tents O Israel! Now look after your own house, David!"

Rehoboam

> Judah

Jeroboam

> Israel

2 Chronicles 25:21-22 So Joash king of Israel went up, and he and Amaziah king of Judah faced each other at Bethshemesh, which belonged to Judah. Judah was defeated by Israel...

Amos 1:1-2:16 1:3-2:3

Pagan nations

2:4-5

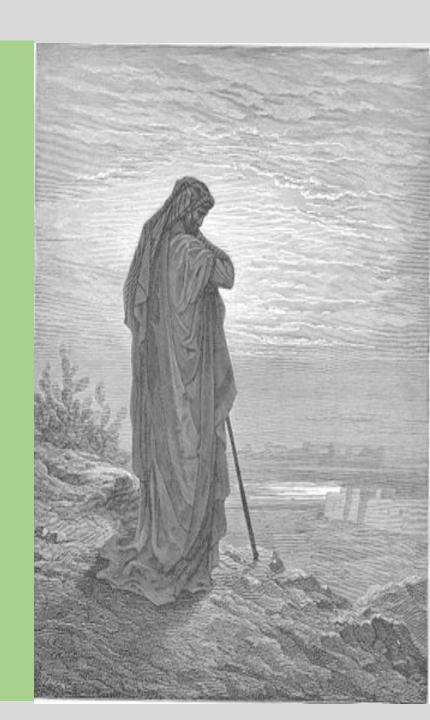
<u>Judah</u>

(southern tribes)

2:6ff

<u>Israel</u>

(northern tribes)



New Testament Usage

The Word "Israel" in the NT (NA28)

68 times +

5 times (Israelite)

ό δὲ έγερθεὶς παρέλαβεν τὸ παιδίον καὶ τὴν μητέρα αὐτοῦ καὶ εἰσῆλθεν εἰς γῆν Ίσραήλ

Summary of NT Usage of Israel

- 1. The man named Jacob
- 2. The <u>descendants</u> of Jacob, the twelve tribes of the Hebrews

Twelve Tribes of Israel

2x

...when the Son of Man will sit on His glorious throne, you also shall sit upon twelve thrones, judging the twelve tribes of Israel

Matt. 19:28

Sons of Israel

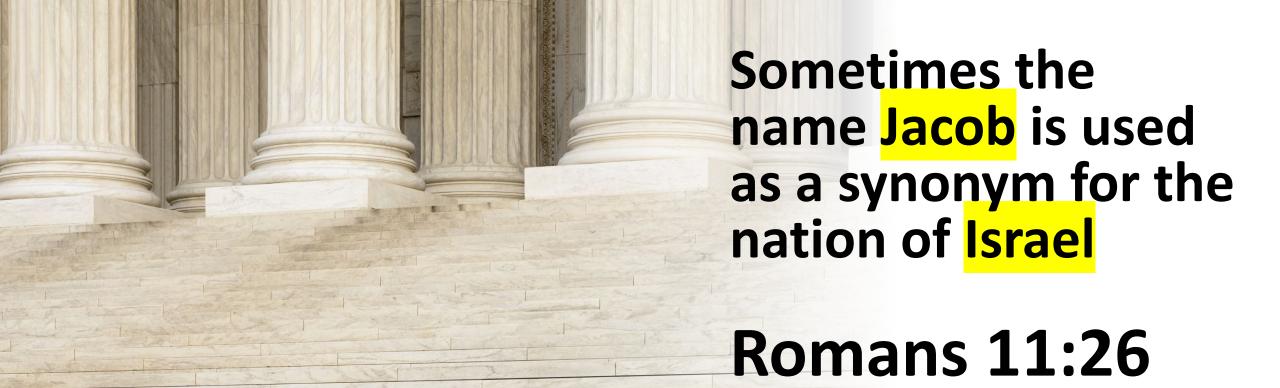
14x

And I heard the number of those who were sealed, one hundred and forty-four thousand sealed from every tribe of the sons of Israel (Rev. 7:4)

Last Occurrence of "Israel"

Revelation 21:12

And it had a great and high wall, with twelve gates, and at the gates twelve angels; and names were written on them, which are the names of the twelve tribes of the sons of Israel [Jacob].



...and so all Israel will be saved; just as it is written, "The Deliverer will come from Zion, He will remove ungodliness from Jacob."

2. The descendants of Jacob

People of Israel – 5x

Land of Israel – 2x

House of Israel – 6x

God of Israel – 3x

King of Israel – 4x

Men of Israel – 5x

Nation Israel – 2x

2. The descendants of Jacob

- ▶ Luke 24:21 We were hoping that it was He who was going to redeem Israel.
- ➤ Acts 1:6 Lord, is it at this time You are restoring the kingdom to <u>Israel</u>?
- ➤ Matt 8:10 I have not found such great faith with anyone in <u>Israel</u>?

ISSUES



Romans 9:6

Galatians 6:16

Acts 7:38-42

Romans 9:6

For they are not all Israel who are descended from Israel

- 1. The statement speaks of **Gentiles** being part of Israel (or the new Israel) so that the distinction between Israel and the Church is done away.
 - > The Church as spiritual Israel is in view

- 2. This statement teaches that not all Jewish people (Israel) are saved.
 - The two kinds of people in view are Jews who have <u>faith</u> in Christ and those who do not.
 - Jewish people must do more than be Jewish to be saved.

Why the Second Option is Correct

- 1. The entire section of Romans 9-11 explains Israel's situation & future
- 2. It fits the preceding context of 9:1-5.
- 3. It expresses the statement of 9:7-8.
- 4. It harmonizes with the illustrations of Isaac and Jacob in 9:7-13.

Galatians 6:16

And those who will walk by this rule, peace and mercy be upon them, and upon the Israel of God.

- 1. The Israel of God refers to the Church, the new creation of v. 15.
 - και is explicative or epexegetical meaning "even"
 - The blessing would be for the Church, even the Israel of God
 - > This makes the Church = Israel
 - > There is one category in the verse

2. The Israel of God refers to Jewish Christians

- > και is emphatic meaning "and"
- The blessing would be for the Church and also including the <u>Jewish Christians</u> in the Church
- The passage does not <u>equate</u> Israel and the Church
- There are two categories of people in the passage

Why Option # 2 is Correct

- 1. The <u>preposition</u> (επι, upon) is used for each group pointing toward two categories
- 2. All other references to Israel in the NT refer to <u>Jewish people</u> in some way
- 3. It makes sense for Paul, after a blistering attack on <u>Judaizers</u> throughout the book, to remind his readers that the blessing applies to those Jewish people who have come to Christ by faith

Acts 7:38-42

- Context of Stephen's Sermon
- ➤ Verse 42 House of Israel
- > Verse 38 -- "Congregation (ekklesia) in the wilderness" from the LXX
- > KJV translates as "church in the wilderness"

Acts 7:38-42

- Some scholars even today use this text to argue that Israel is the OT Church
- This is part of a doctrinal commitment to the Church as the people of God for all time
- This is a <u>theological interpretation</u> of Scripture rather than a literal understanding

Why do our theological opponents reject seeing Israel as referring to Jewishness in some way?

- 1. Creedal theology
- 2. New Testament priority
- 3. Allegorical Hermeneutics

srae Means srae