



Israel:

*Past, Present, and
Future*

**Ezekiel 5:5 “Thus says the Lord GOD:
‘This is Jerusalem; I have set her in the
midst of the nations and the countries all
around her’.”**



Israel:

Past, Present, and Future

**Biblical
Period**

2091 BC – AD 70

**Post-Biblical
Period**

AD 70 – 1839

**Modern
Period**

**1839 –
2006**

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**Biblical
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2091 BC – AD 70

**Post-Biblical
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AD 70 – 1839

**Modern
Period**

**1839 –
2006**

1. Patriarchal
2. Sojourn and
3. Theocracy
4. United Kingdom
5. Divided Kingdom
6. Exile
7. Post-exile
8. Hasmonean
9. Roman



Israel:

Past, Present, and Future

- 1. Patriarchal, 2091–1899 BC**
- 2. Sojourn, 1899–1446 BC**
- 3. Theocracy, 1446–1051 BC**
- 4. United Kingdom, 1051–931 BC**
- 5. Divided Kingdom, 931–722/586 BC**
- 6. Exile, 586–516 BC**
- 7. Post-exile, 516–164 BC**
- 8. Hasmonean, 164–63 BC**
- 9. Roman, 63 BC–AD 70**



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The Image of Daniel 2

Gold

605 BC–539 BC Babylon

Silver

539 BC–331 BC Medo-Persia

Brass

331 BC–146 BC Greece

Iron

146 BC–AD 1453 Rome/Byzantine

Iron/Clay

**Revived Roman Empire
(future)**



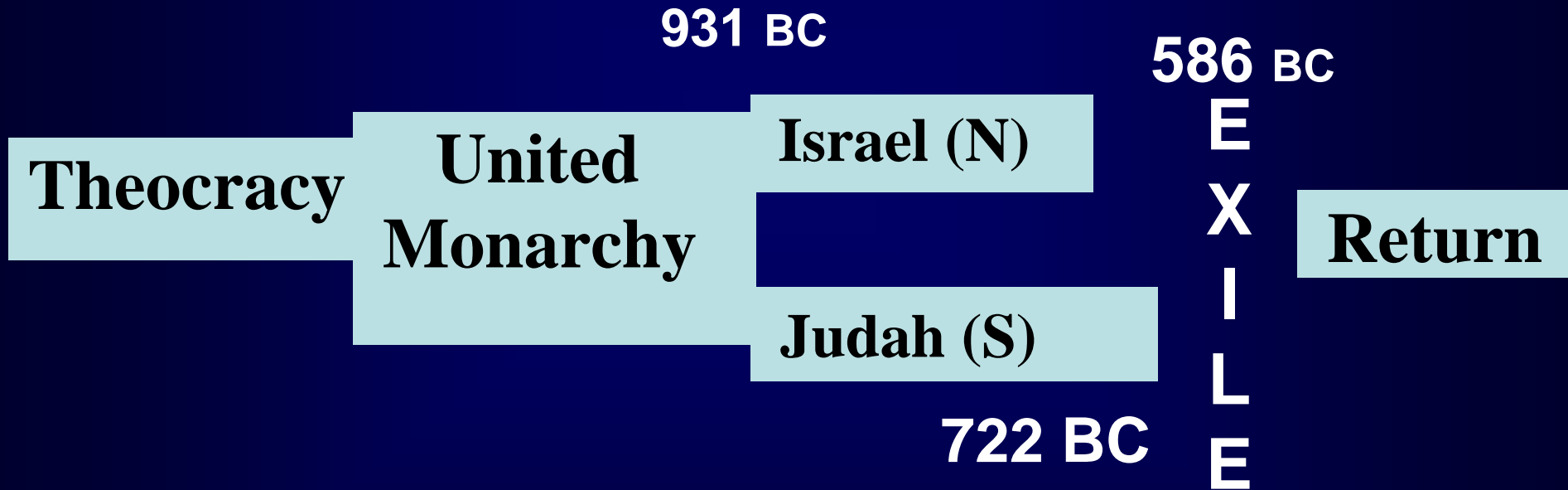
Israel:

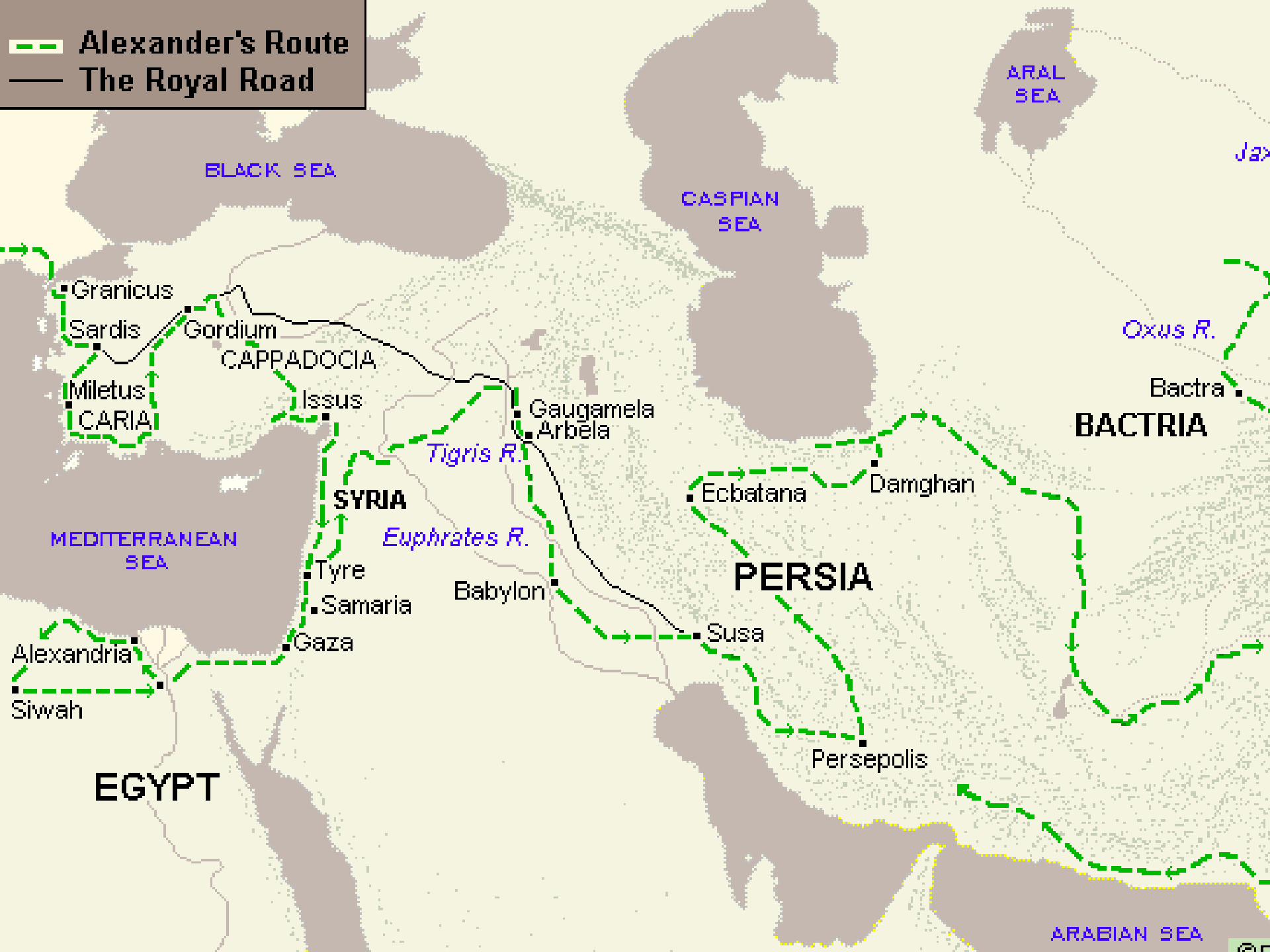
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Israel's Kingdom In History





- (1) Ptolemy: Egypt and land of Israel**
- (2) Seleucas: Syria and Babylon**
- (3) Cassander: Macedonia and Greece**
- (4) Lysimachus: Thrace and Asia Minor**



The Breakup of Alexander's Empire

- Egypt: The Ptolemies

 - Ptolemy I: Secures Jerusalem

 - Ptolemy II: LXX translated

- Syria: The Seleucids

 - Antiochus III: The peace of Apamea, 188 BC

 - Antiochus IV: Abomination of Desolation

The Hellenistic World

cities and empires in 240 BCE



- Major Cities
- Antigonid Empire
- Independent States
- Seleucid Empire
- Ptolemaic Empire



- Major Cities
- Roman Provinces
- Hellenistic States

**Alexander's
Greek Empire**
334–324 BC

Seleucid
Ca. 198–164 BC

Roman
Ca. 63 BC–AD 317



Ptolemaic
Ca. 324–198 BC

Hasmonean
Ca. 143–63 BC

Byzantine
Ca. AD 317–614

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Antiochus IV Epiphanes: Abomination of Desolation, 167 B.C.

1. All temple ritual suspended.
2. All copies of the Scripture burned, anyone caught reading it were to be executed.
3. No special days will be observed including the Sabbath.
4. All dietary laws were abolished.
5. Any woman caught circumcising infants were executed.
6. Went into the Temple, desecrated it, dedicated it to Zeus, sacrifices a pig to Zeus.

The Hasmonean Dynasty, 166-63 BC

Mattathias (d. 165)

Judas

Jonathan

Simon

Eleazar

John

“the Hammer”

160–143 BC

143–135 BC

Maccabee

166–160 BC

John Hyrcanus

135–104 BC

Aristobolus I

104–103 BC

Alexander Janneus I = Salome

103–76 BC

Alexandra

76–67 BC

Aristobulus II

John Hyrcanus II

67–63 BC

Herod the Great =

Mariamne
granddaughter

Antigonus

Attempts revolt against

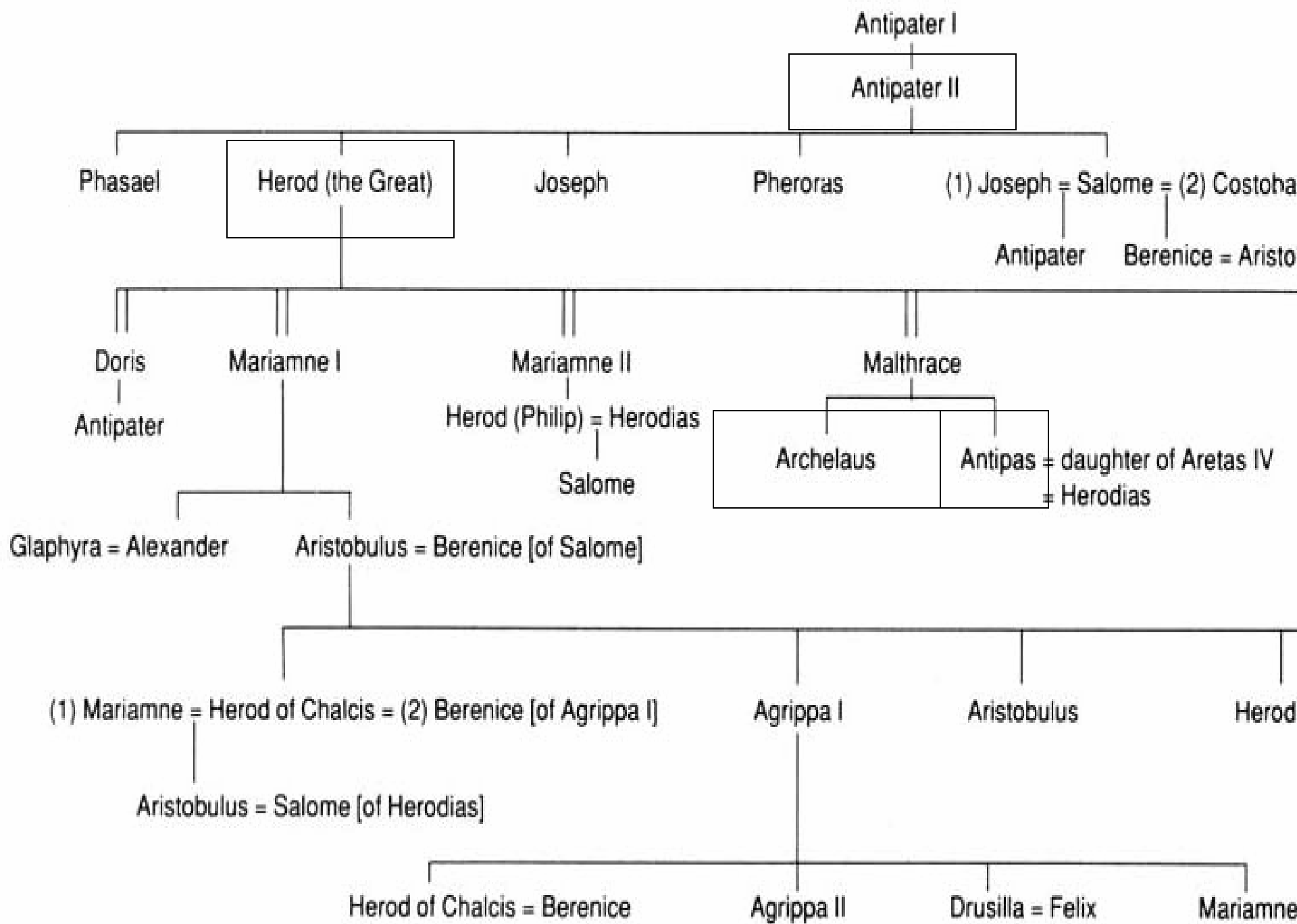
Herod

Israel:

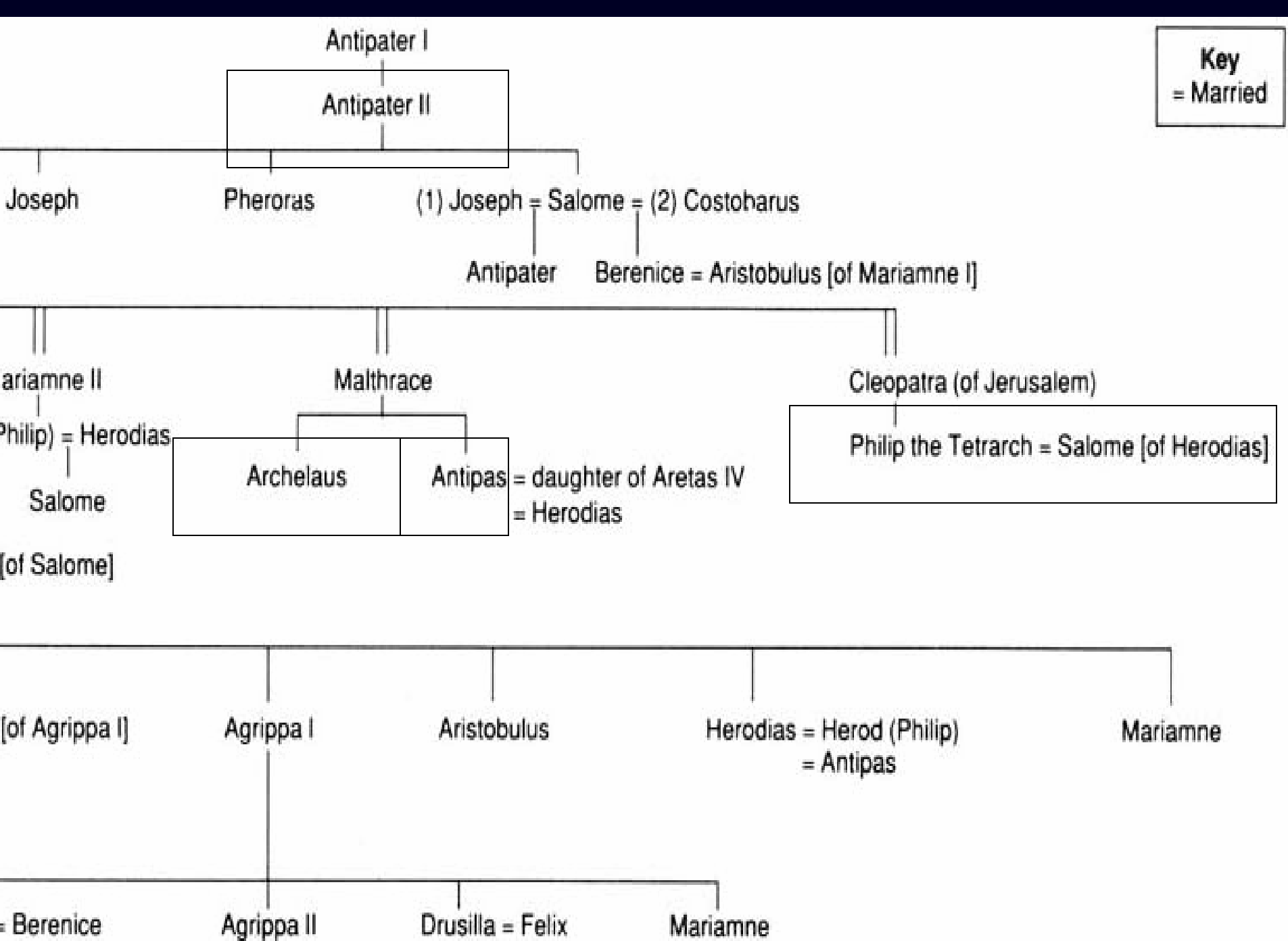
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THE PROMONTORY PALACE

HEROD'S PALACE & THE ROMAN PRAETORIUM

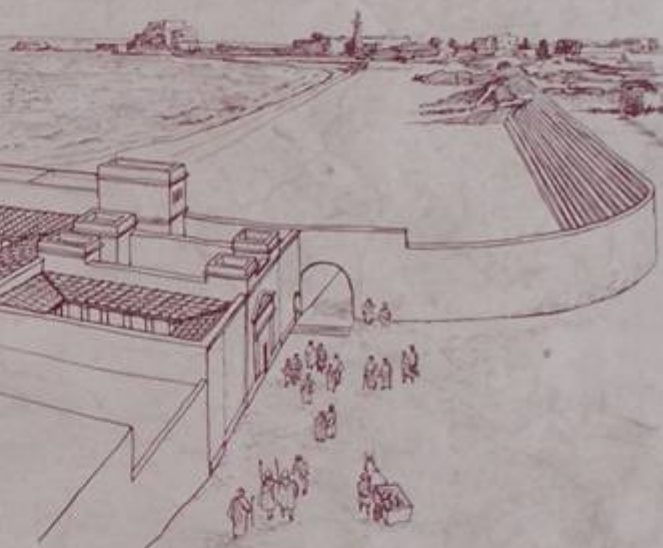


Artist's Reconstruction

Located on one of Caesarea's three sandstone promontories, the palace affords a superb panoramic view: north, to the hippodrome and the harbor; southeast, to the theater.

ארמון הצוק

ארמון הורדוס והפראיטוריום הרומי



שיחזור אמנותי

מיקומו על אחד משלוש לשונות היבשה של קיסריה מקנה לפראיטוריום מבט פנורמי מרהיב אל הנמל וההיפודרום בצפון ואל התיאטרון בדרום מזרח.



